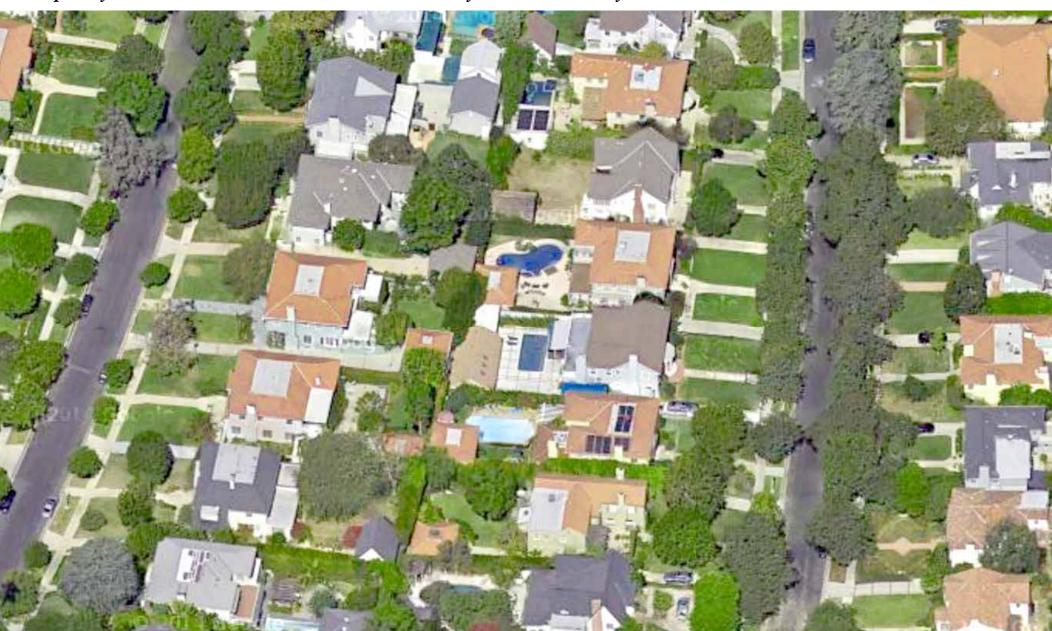
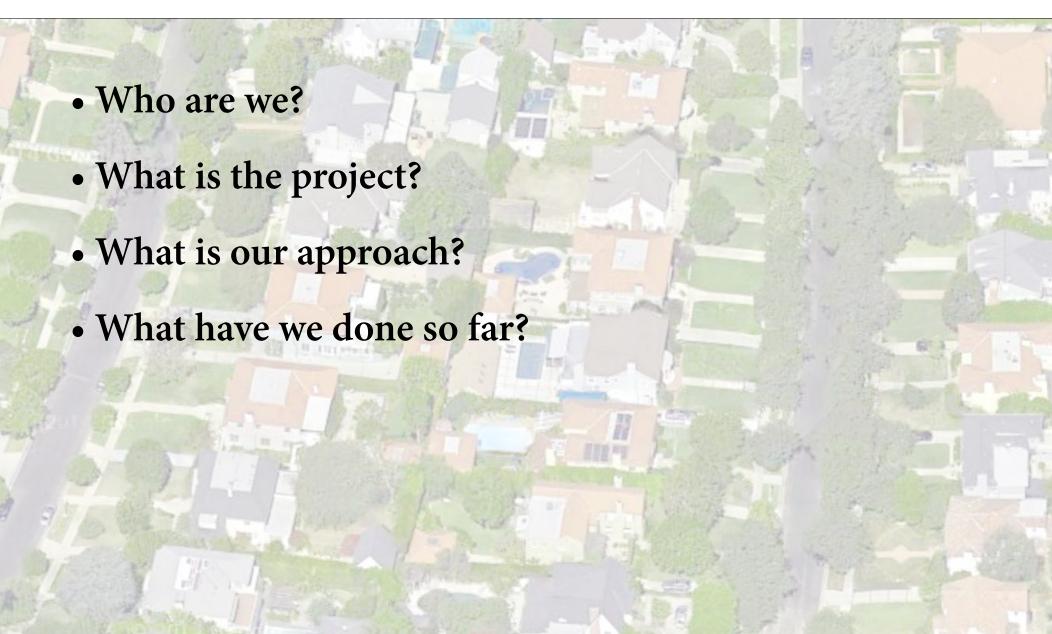
Your Next Front Lawn



Prepared for The Hancock Park Garden Club, a Member of the Garden Club of America



Introduction & Overview



Who are we?

John Kaliski

- Architect, urban designer, educator
- UCLA Luskin School of Public Policy
- Past and current projects include:
 - Ocean Park Boulevard Complete Green Street in Santa Monica
 - Feasibility phases of both the Hollywood Cap Park and Park 101
- Everyday Urbanism, Monacelli Press 1999 (1st ed.) and 2009 (2nd ed.)
- Greater Wilshire Neighborhood Council Land Use Committee
- HPOZ Advisory Board
 - Wilshire Park, Country Club Park, Windsor Village
- California Greenworks

Who are we?

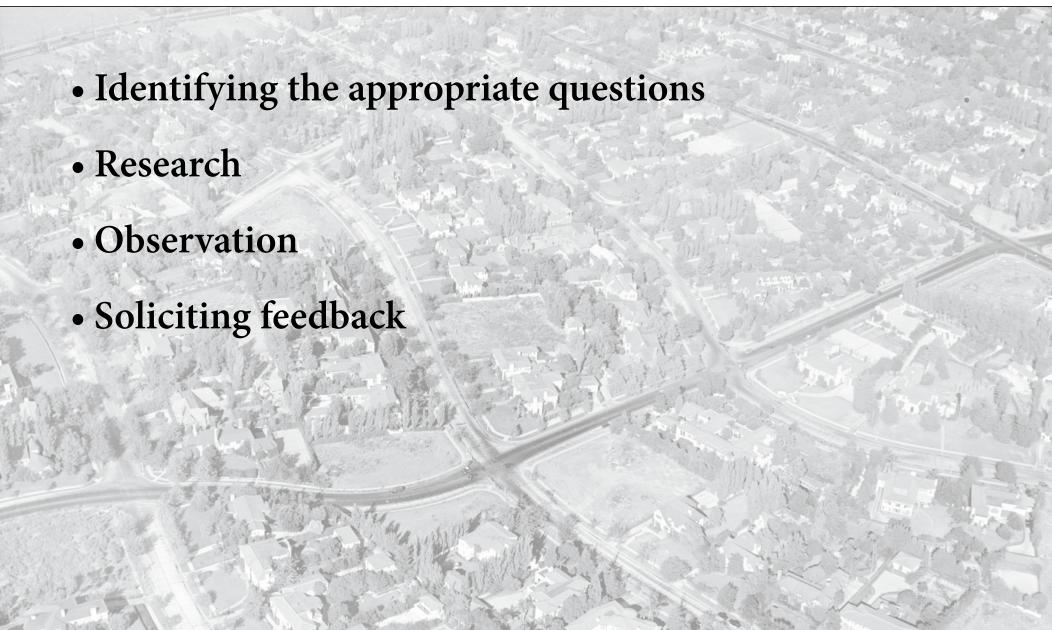
Takako Tajima

- Trained in landscape architecture, architecture, urban planning
- USC Graduate Landscape Architecture program
- Past projects include:
 - Ocean Park Boulevard Complete Green Street in Santa Monica
 - San Bernardino Valley College Landscape Master Plan
- American Society of Landscape Architects Professional Honor Award
- LafargeHolcim Prize for Sustainable Construction

What is the project?



What is our approach?



What have we done so far?

Research

- Archival
- Regulatory
- Plants

Field Observations

- General Observations: Hancock Park & Windsor Square
- Specific Observations: Windsor Boulevard

June Street

4th Street

Additional Streets

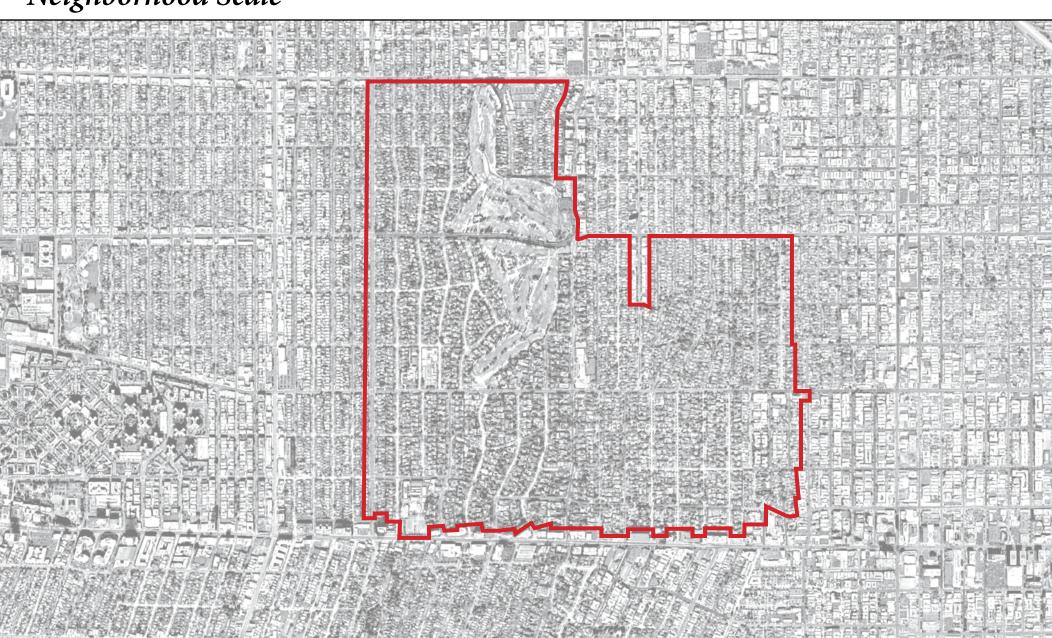
Presentation Preparation

The Los Angeles Front Yard

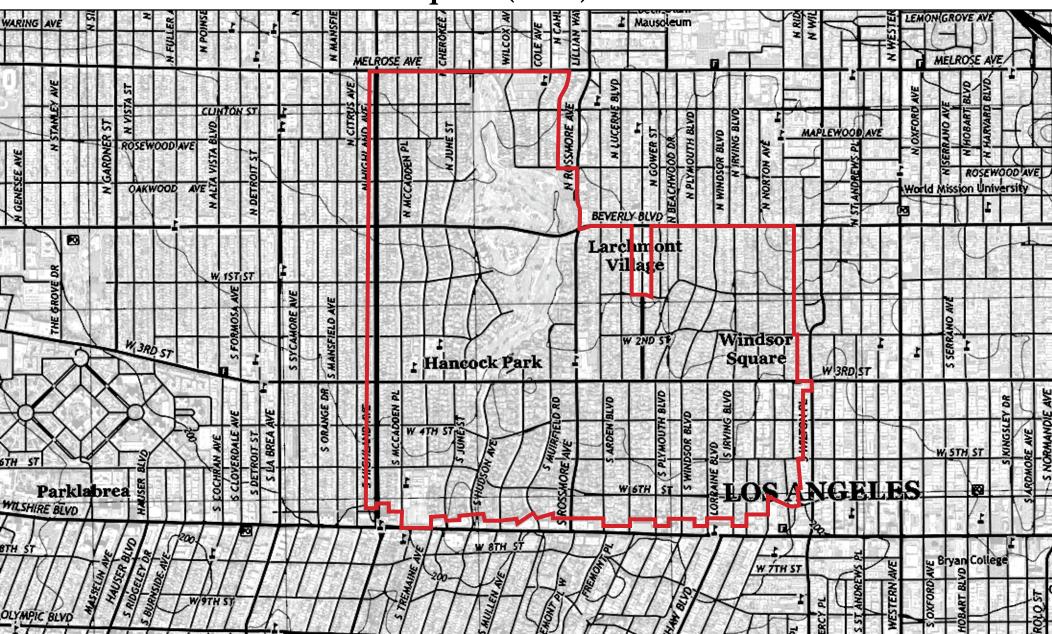
- 1. Then & Now: What has endured?
- 2. Shape & Form: How is it regulated?
- 3. Challenges: What are the challenges to its endurance?

The Los Angeles Front Yard Then & Now: What has endured?

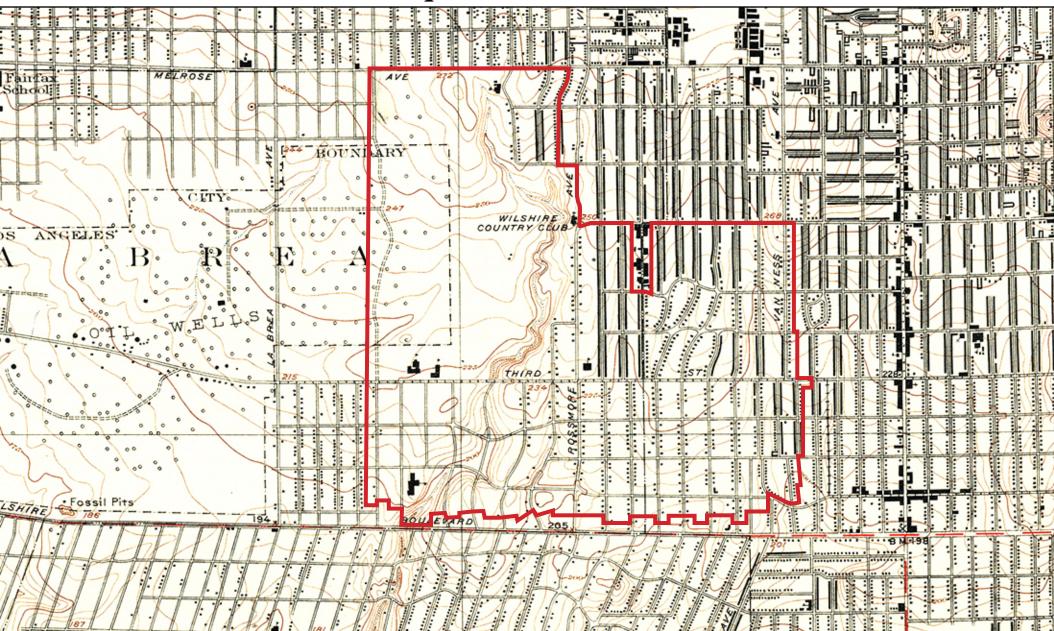
Neighborhood Scale



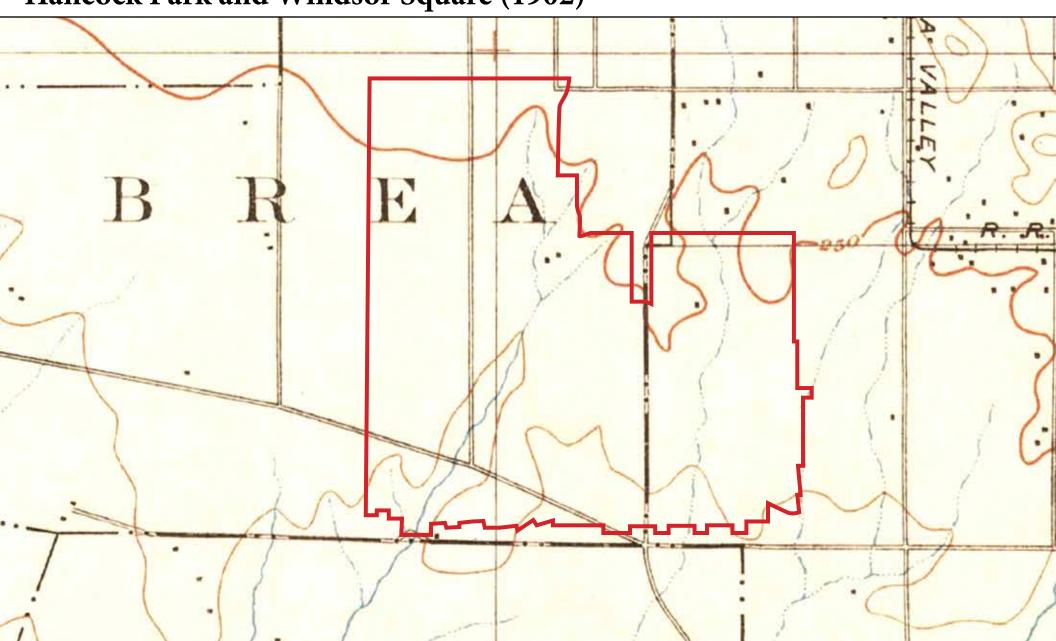
Hancock Park and Windsor Square (2015)



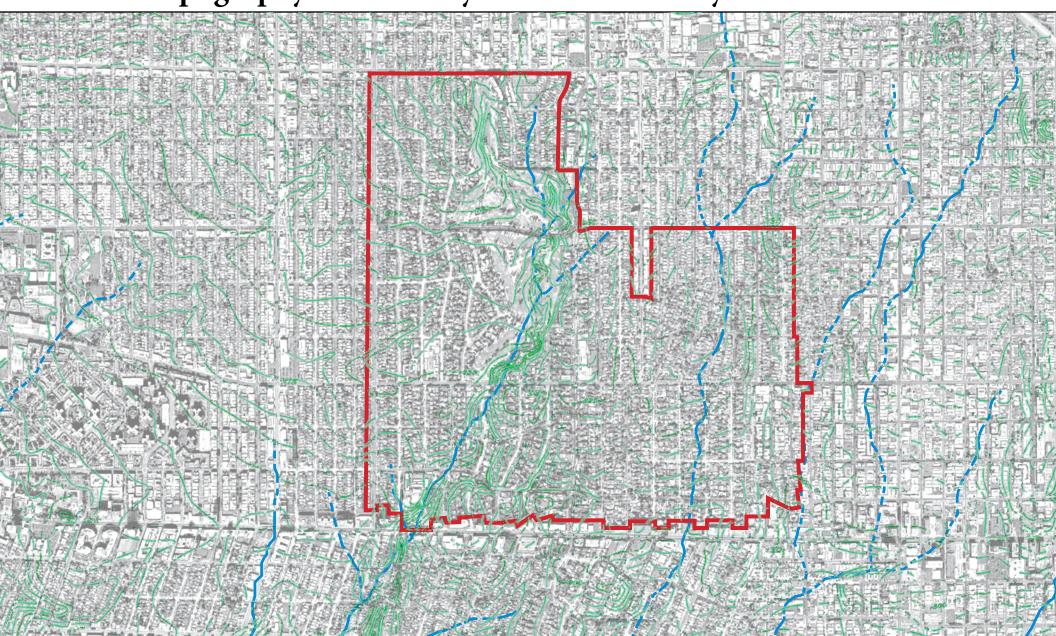
Hancock Park and Windsor Square (1926)



Hancock Park and Windsor Square (1902)



Historic Topography & Waterways over Present-Day Aerial



Hancock Park

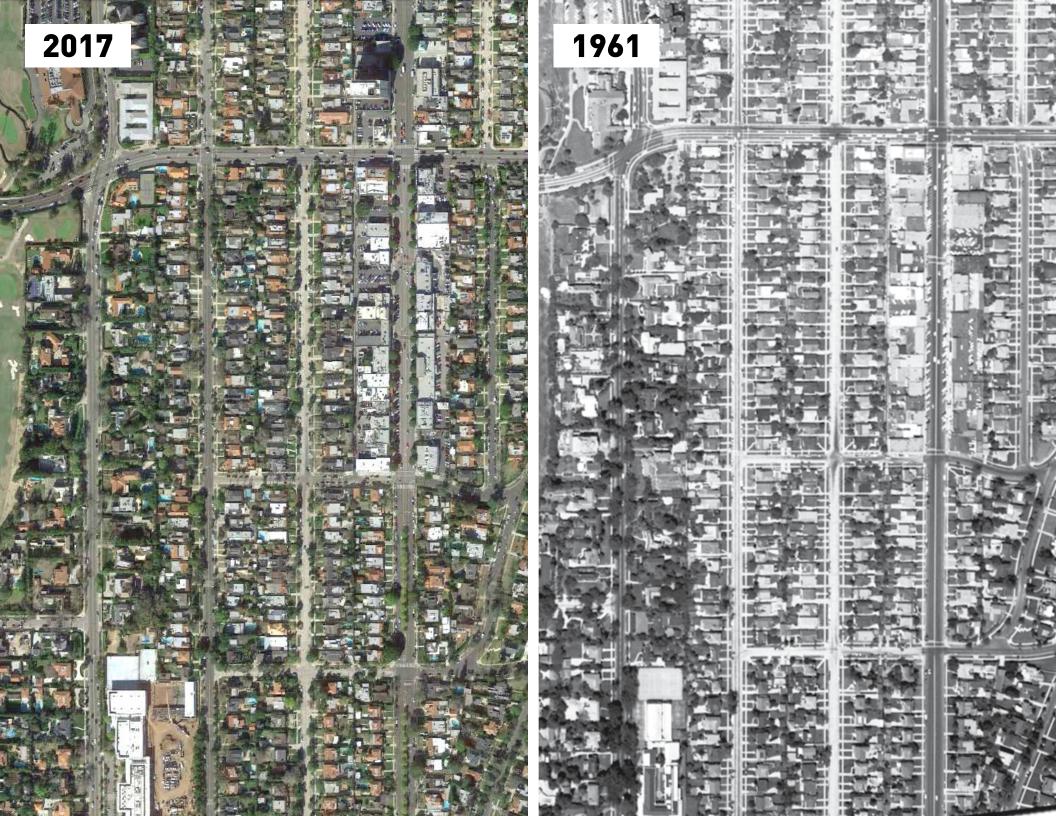
between Highland Avenue and Hudson Avenue and between Oakwood Avenue and 2nd Street





Windsor Square
between Rossmore Avenue and Gower Street and between Beverly Boulevard and 2nd Street

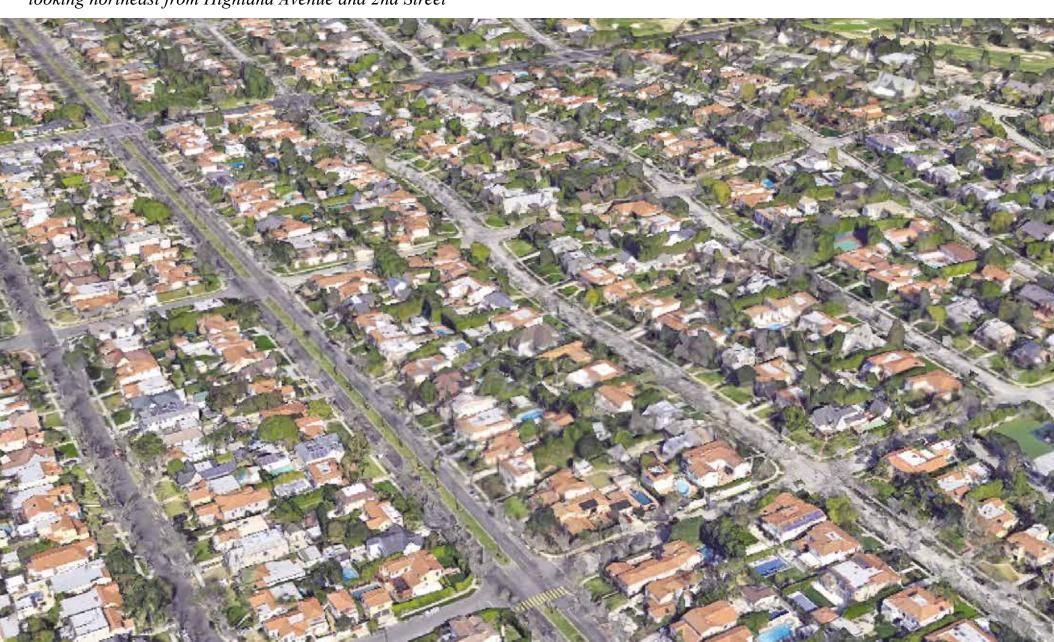




Hancock Park (1938) looking northeast from Highland Avenue and 2nd Street



Hancock Park (2015) looking northeast from Highland Avenue and 2nd Street



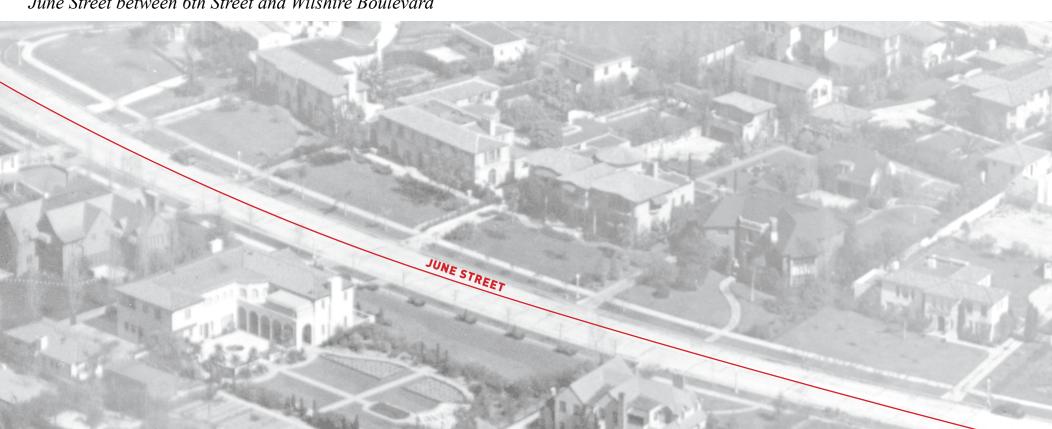
The Los Angeles Front Yard

Then & Now: What has endured?

Street Scale

Hancock Park

June Street between 6th Street and Wilshire Boulevard







Windsor Square Arden Boulevard and Lucerne Bouevard

Arden Boulevard and Lucerne Bouevard between Beverly Boulevard and 1st Street





Windsor Square Arden Boulevard at 4th Street



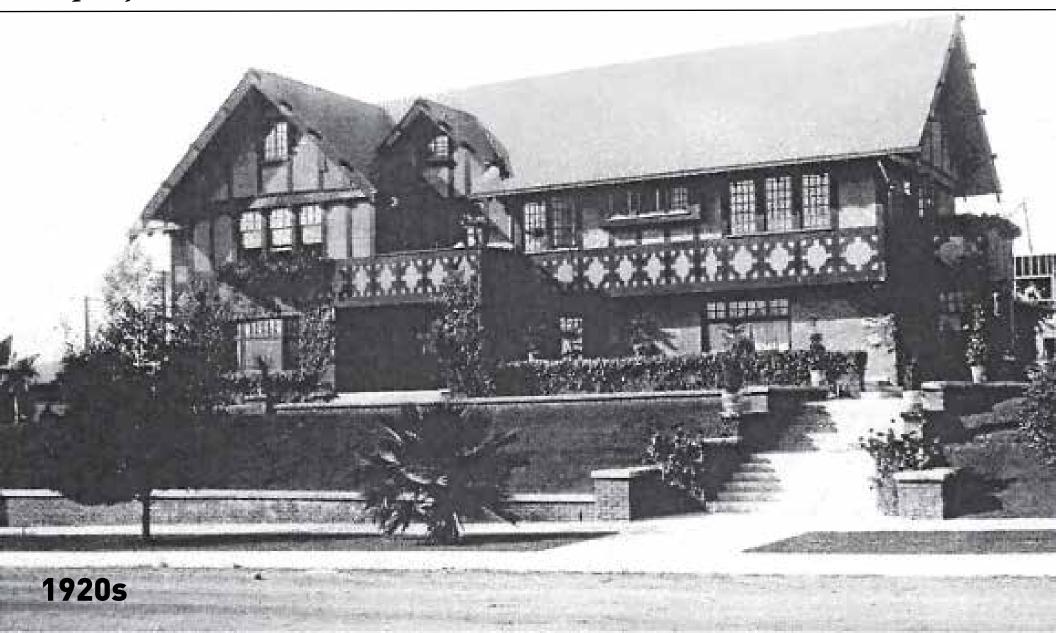




The Los Angeles Front Yard

Then & Now: What has endured?

Property Scale









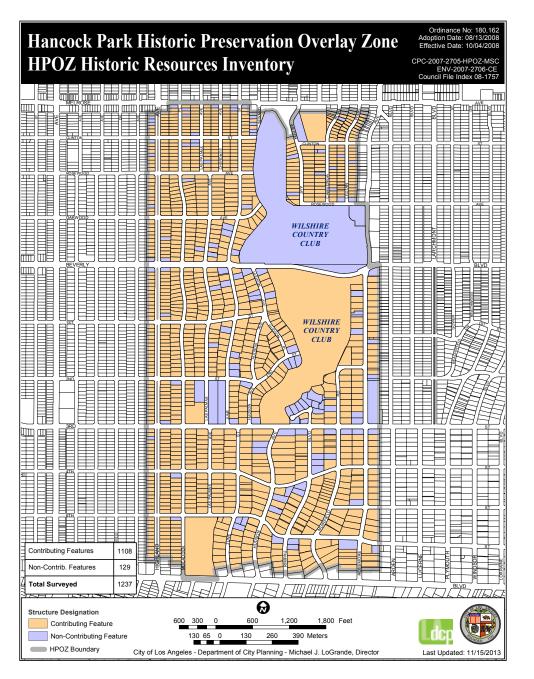


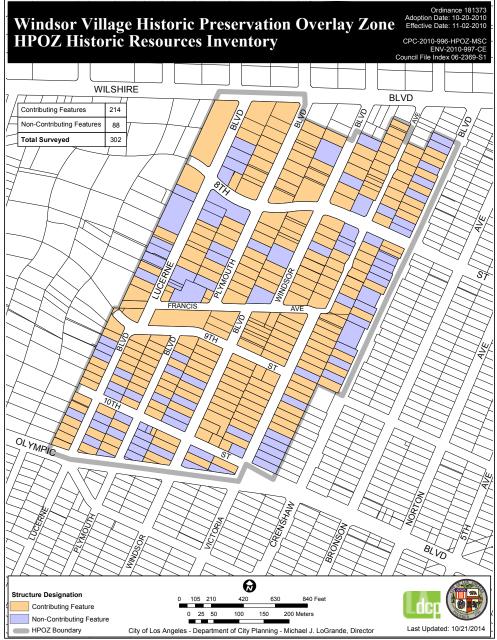




The Los Angeles Front Yard

Shape & Form: How is it regulated?





City of Los Angeles Zoning Standards Considerations

Windsor Square HPOZ SFD Zones Include:

RE15-1 HPOZ, RE9-1 HPOZ, R1-1 HPOZ Note: there are multi-family zones

Hancock Park HPOZ Zones SFD Include:

RE15-1 HPOZ, RE1-1 HPOZ, R1-1 HPOZ Note: there are multi-family zones

Zoning Standards

• Sec. 12.07.01

"RE" Front Yards: not less than 20% of lot depth, or minimum 25' or equal to average depths where 40% or more of lots vary by less than 10'

• Sec. 12.08

"R1" Front Yards: : not less than 20% of lot depth, or minimum **20'** or equal to average depths where 40% or more of lots vary by less than 10'

• Sec. 12.21 C.1 (g)

No automobile parking space shall be provided or maintained within a required front yard...

All portion of the required front yard of one-family dwellings...in the RE...R1...Zones not used for necessary driveways and walkways, including decorative walkways, shall be used for planting, and shall not be otherwise paved...not more than 50% of a required front yard shall be designed, improved or used for access driveways.

• Sec. 12.22 C.20 (f)

Fences and Walls in the A and R Zones includes hedges and growths of "thick" shrubs or trees

• Section 12.22 C.20 (f) (2)

Front Yards in the R Zones, fences, walls, and landscape architectural features of guard railing around depressed ramps, not more than three and one-half feet in height above the natural ground level adjacent to the feature, railing or ramp, may be located and maintained in any required front yard.

Note: ZA exception for up to eight feet in front yard

Hancock Park Preservation Plan

Section 8.0 Residential Design Guidelines, Maintenance, Repair, and Rehabilitation

Objective 1.1

Recognize that the <u>maintenance</u>, <u>enhancement</u>, <u>and preservation of the character of the neighborhood as a whole takes precedence over the treatment of individual buildings</u>, structures or sites.

Goal 2

Preserve the historic streetscape of Hancock Park.

Objective 2.1

Promote the maintenance and enhancement of the traditional streetscape and parkways.

Section 3.5 Exemptions

<u>Landscaping in front yards</u> (except landscaping in public rights-of-ways and landscaping specifically called out in the Historic Resources Survey;

Section 3.6a

Delegated Authority to the Planning Director Fences, walls, and hedges in the front yard;

Section 3.6b

Delegated Authority to the Planning Director
Pavement, and hardscape materials not located in
the existing footprint of walks and driveways;

Section 3.6e

Delegated Authority to the Planning Director
Natural features and landscaping within the public right-of-way/easement;

Section 7.2 Principal 1

The historic appearance of the HPOZ should be preserved. This appearance includes both the structures and their setting.

Section 7.2 Principal 6

Additions to the public realm should be designed to preserve the significant historic fabric of contributing structures or sites

Hancock Park Preservation Plan

Section 8.0 Residential Design Guidelines, Maintenance, Repair, and Rehabilitation

Section 8.2 Setting

Landscaping, Fences, Walls, Walks, & Open Spaces Purpose and Intent: preservation of progressions, maintenance of historic neighborhood streets or sites.

Guidelines

- <u>Mature trees and hedges</u>, particularly street trees retained or replaced with in-kind plantings.
- Historic topographic features.
- Historic walkways and other hardscape features in the front yard preserved.
- If <u>historic retaining walls</u>, pathways, stairs or fences preserved in place or replaced in-kind.
- New or <u>replacement retaining walls</u> to harmonize with the house and with other existing historic retaining walls.
- New fencing is strongly discouraged except

on Rossmore and Highland Avenues.

- The traditional character of residential front yards should be preserved. These areas should be reserved for planting materials and lawn, and non-porous ground coverings should be minimized.
- Landscaping should not be so lush or massive that public views of the house are significantly obstructed.
- <u>Parking areas and driveways should be</u> <u>located to the side or rear</u> of a structure.
- New <u>carports should not be visible</u> from the street.

Windsor Square HPOZ Preservation Plan

1.4 Exemptions (from HPOZ review)

- Fences and walls
- Natural Features, Landscaping, pavement, and hardscaping materials (in the existing footprint of walks and driveways); and delegated to the Director of Planning.

Objective 1.1

Recognize that the maintenance, enhancement, and preservation of the character of the District as a whole takes precedence over the treatment of individual buildings, structures or sites.

Goal 2

Preserve the historic streetscape of Windsor Square.

Objective 2.1

Promote the maintenance and enhancement of the traditional streetscape and parkways. Ensure that new parkway plantings are *consistent with the Master Plan of Parkway Trees 2000 for Windsor Square*.

Section 6.0 Principal 1

The historic appearance of the Windsor Square HPOZ should be preserved. This appearance includes both the structures and their setting.

Windsor Square HPOZ Preservation Plan

Section 10.2 Design Guidelines Setting, Massing and Orientation

- The design concept includes the streetscape, the planting strip along the street, setbacks, drives, walks, retaining walls and the way a structure sits on its lot...
- Streetscapes led to planting strips, planting strips to sidewalks, sidewalks to yards and front walkways, which led to porches and the private spaces within a house...(p)reservation of these orderly progressions is essential...
- **Guideline 5** A progression of public to private spaces from the street to the residence should be maintained. One method of achieving this goal is to maintain the use of a porch to create a transitional space from public to private.

The Los Angeles Front Yard

CHALLENGES: What are the challenges to its endurance?

The Los Angeles Front Yard

CHALLENGES: What are the challenges to its endurance?

EVOLVING TYPOLOGIES

- 1. Hedges at Front and Side Yards
- 2. Fences & Walls
- 3. Driveways, Parking Areas, & Car Courts
- 4. Drought Resistant Gardening
- 5. Ground Covers v. Lawn
- 6. Street Trees

1. Hedges at Front and Side Yards





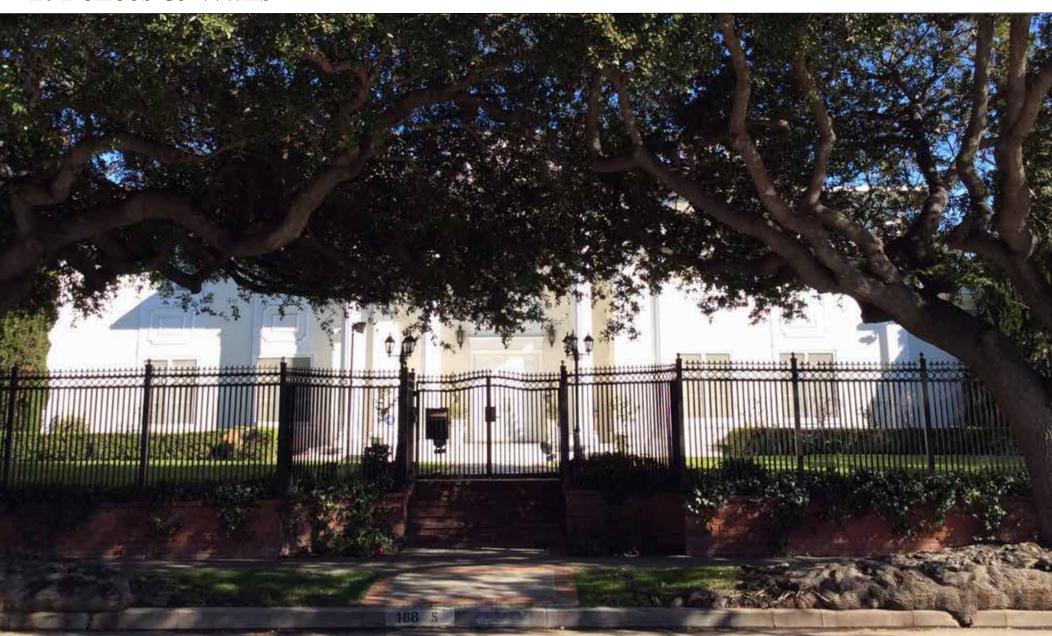








2. Fences & Walls









3. Driveways, Parking Areas, & Car Courts











f y 🛎

L.A.'s mayor wants to lower the city's temperature. These scientists are figuring out how to do it

By DEBORAH NETBURN

Graphics by PRIYA KRISHNAKUMAR

FEB. 9, 2017, 12:05 A.M.

...the team determined that the current zeal for xeriscaping – landscaping with drought tolerant plants – could make L.A. up to 3.4 degrees Fahrenheit warmer in the daytime by depriving the soil of water and limiting the amount of evapotranspiration that occurs.

4. Drought Resistant Gardens



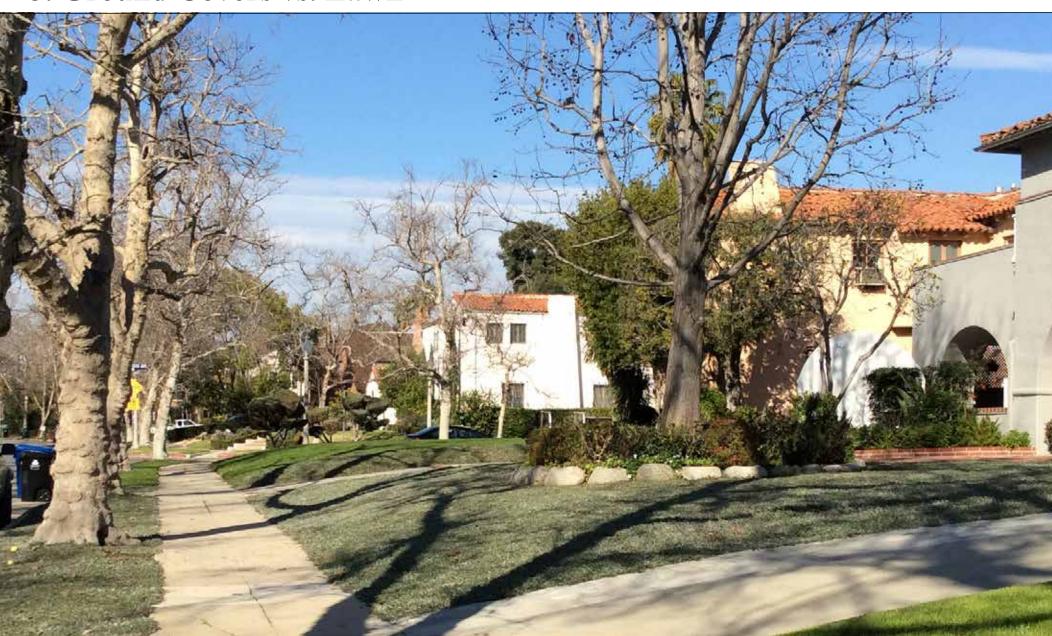
4. Drought Resistant Gardens







5. Ground Covers vs. Lawn







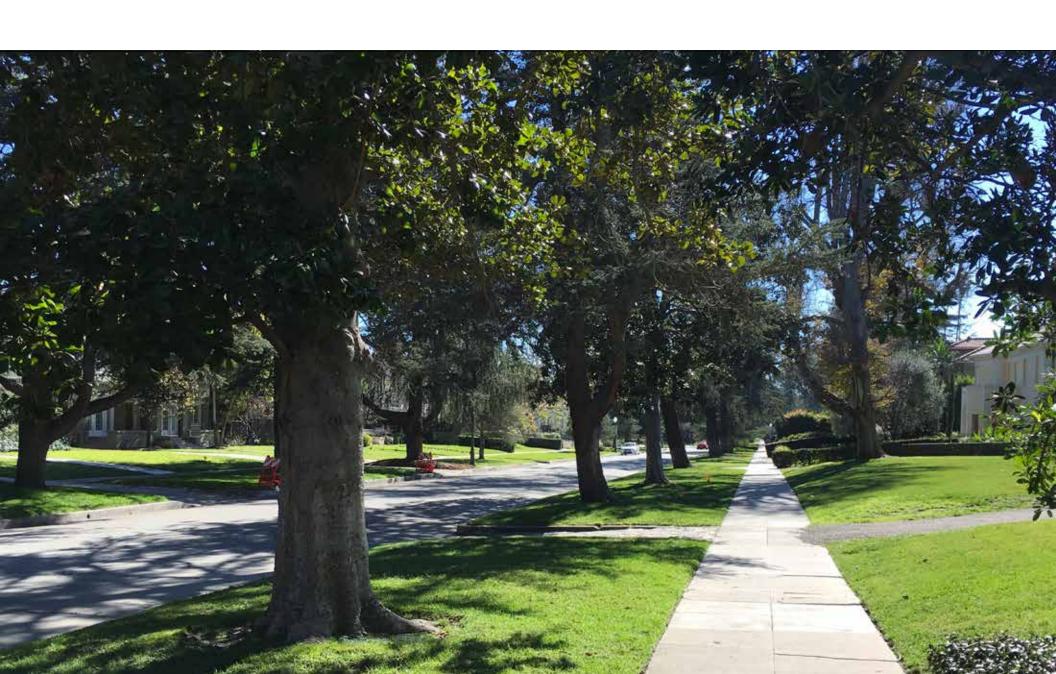


Some Observations

- Respect for Consistency of the HP and WS Front Lawns
- Eclectic Architecture vs. More Consistent Landscape
- Parkways and/or Front Yards
- Individual Front Lawn Gardens
- Large Scale vs. Small Scale Front Yard Gardens

Respect for Consistency of the HP and WS Front Lawns

Are they worth saving?



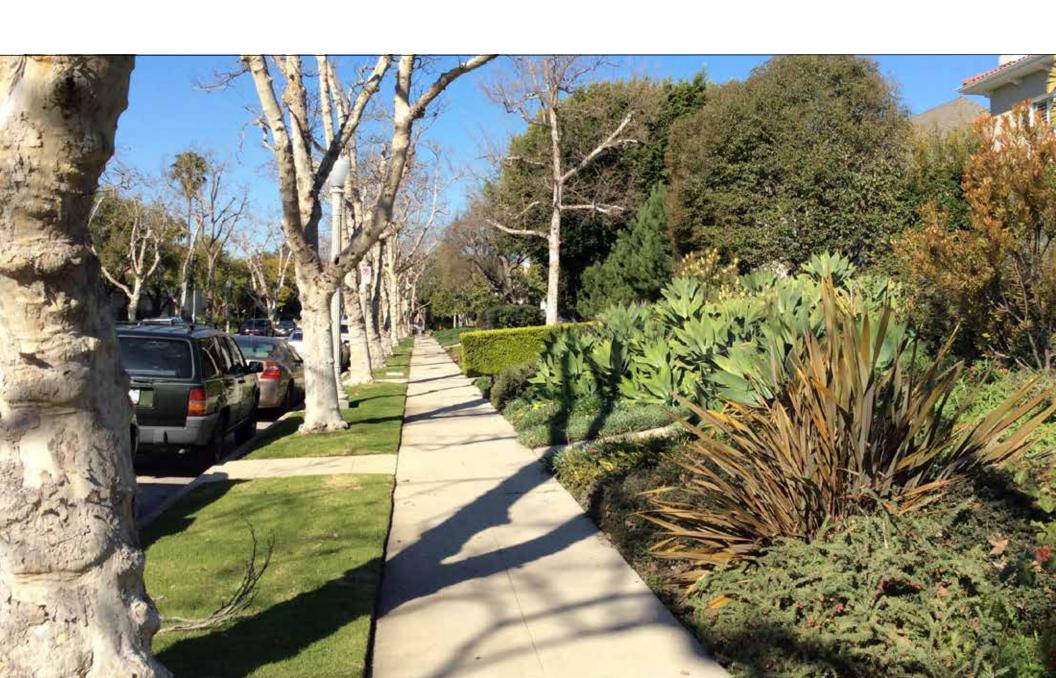
Eclectic Architecture vs. More Consistent Landscape

Do we value this?



Parkways and/or Front Yards

Are they the same thing? Should they get treated differently? Regulated differently?



Individual Front Lawn Gardens

Are they "in character" with (historic/HPOZ) setting?



Large Scale vs. Small Scale Front Yard Gardens

Are they equivalent?

Does it make a difference?



Considerations & Ideas

- Consider developing block-by-block descriptions of historic streetscapes, and compatible plant pallets
- Consider more emphasis on street settings, i.e. the public rights-of-way; standards for the streets, the planting strips, and the sidewalks
- Consider the "preservation" the parkways introduce standards ("shalls") for plantings under required street trees
- Consider an area or width to the back of the sidewalks as a means to "expand" the sense of the streetscape and "park-like" setting and utilize standards for plantings in this additional area
- Consider no allowance for hedges, walls, and fences in the first 5' 15' from the rear of sidewalk (perhaps use a dimension that is the same width as the parkway)

- Consider adding more specific landscape standards and/or guidelines to the preservation plans
- Consider discouraging xeriscape gardens at front yards
- Consider no allowances and prohibition of inorganic or hard surfaces at front yards with the exception of allowed driveway accesses and walkways
- Consider further restricting the 50% allowance for hardscape
- Consider additional standards for fences, walls, and hedges
- Consider front yard tree requirements
- Promote use of water wise turfs such as St. Augustine or UC Verde Buffalo or similar/ equal

What do we do next? Where do we focus?

- 1. Identify the fourth street
- 2. Options for Outcomes: How do we develop recommendations?
 - a. Standards
 - Zoning
 - HPOZs
 - Other
 - b. Model Design
 - Basic design parameters
 - c. Menus
 - Landscape palettes
 - d. Neighborhood Tool